MISSISSIPPI INVASIVE SPECIES MANAGEMENT PLAN



Some Things to Consider

Ron Lukens
Gulf States Marine Fisheries
Commission

JUST THE ACT(S) MA'AM

- # NANPCA (1990)
 - Focus on ballast water issues (zebra mussels
 - Established ANS Task Force
 - Called for state plans
- # NISA (1996)
 - Broadened the focus to include all pathways
- # NAISA (2003-in Congress)



- · Established in 1991
 - Provides a forum to discuss
 ANS and coordinate activities

ANS Task Force Goals

Goal 1: Reduce threat of introduction of ANS

Goal 2: Minimize harmful effects of

ANS already in US waters

Goal 3: Contribute to global efforts

to reduce ANS harm

Goal 4: Maximize the organization

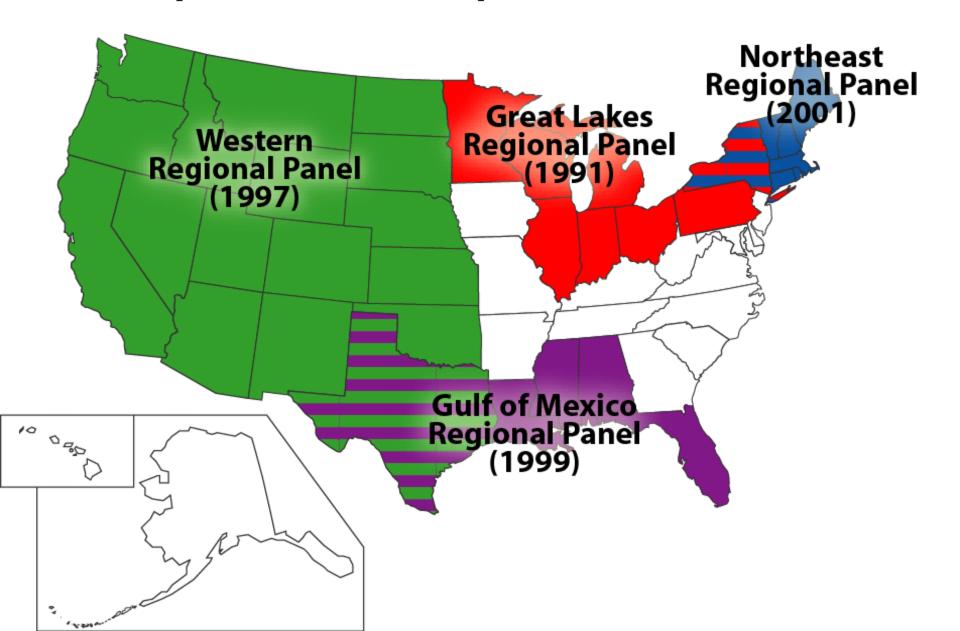
effectiveness of the ANS

Task Force

Regional Panels

- #Set up as official committees under the ANS Task Force
 - Subject to FACA
 - Report to the ANSTF
- #Participation to include:
 - Federal, State and local agencies
 - Private and commercial interests

The Regional Panels of the Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force



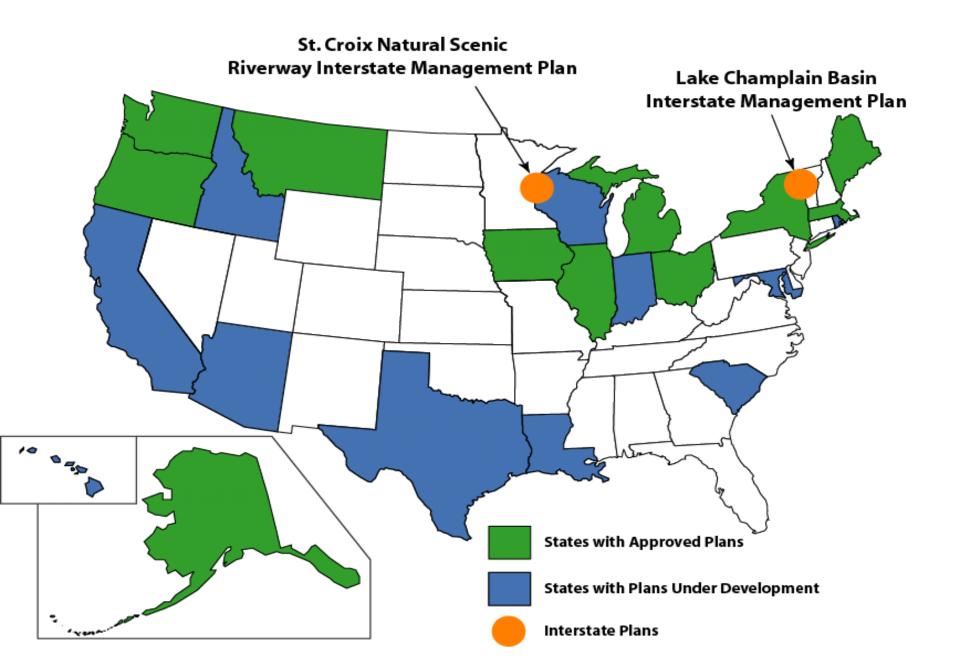
Role of Regional Panels

- #Establish Regional Priorities
- # Develop Action Plans
- # Coordinate Regional Activities
 - **States**
 - **Tribes**
 - Federal agencies
 - Interstate Organizations
 - Non-governmental entities

Highest Priority

Encourage and support the development of state aquatic invasive species management plans

Status of State ANS Management Plans



HOW DOES A STATE BEGIN?

FORM A TASK FORCE REPRESENTED BY ALL GROUPS

- Form administration and work as a unit
- Committed to work together to write and apply to National Task Force for management funding
- Committed to cooperate in managing aquatic invasive species

APPOINT OR HIRE A LEADER

- To coordinate and represent the group as a state ANS manager
- To solicit funds
- To develop the plan and then see that it is implemented

WHAT SHOULD BE IN A PLAN?

- # SUMMARY OF EXISTING LEGISLATION
- # IDENTIFY NEEDS
 - Technical
 - Enforcement
 - **Financial**
- # REASONS
 - Eliminate environmental, public health, safety risks from ANS
 - Reduce environmental, public health, safety risks associated with ANS

WHERE TO START

IDENTIFY

- Areas needing technical, enforcement, or financial assistance to control one or more species because they represent environmental, public health, or safety risks.
- Species-related projects already underway by state, federal, local, private, commercial, advocacy groups
- Groups that are already working together or have a history of working together

STUDY CIRCUMSTANCES

EXAMINE VULNERABILITIES

- Societal
 - Recreational fishing & boating
 - Coastal conservation & preservation
 - Aquatic resource-dependent communities
- **Economic**
 - Commercial fishing
 - Aquaculture
 - Watergarden & aquarium suppliers/retailers
 - Tourism
 - Coastal zone development
 - Transportation development

REVIEW OTHER STATE PLANS

Bunch to choose from

TYPICAL TABLE OF CONTENTS

SEE HANDOUT