The Southeastern Regional Taxonomic Center (SERTC)

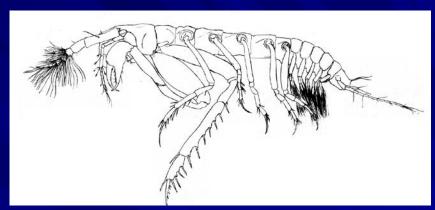
David Knott

Marine Resources Research Institute, SCDNR





Taxonomy is a branch of science that discovers and describes living things

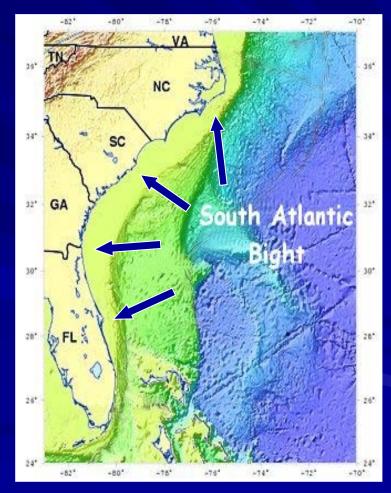


- * There is a serious lack of trained taxonomists and also of data and knowledge about marine biodiversity, especially in the South Atlantic Bight region
- *A decline in taxonomists threatens our ability to understand our marine biodiversity

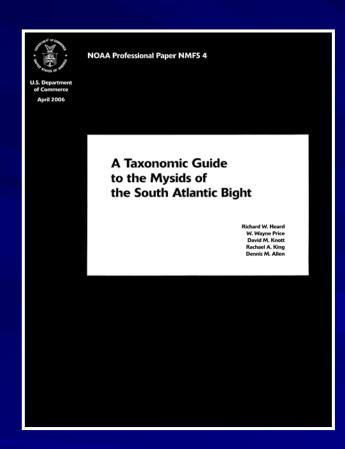
The SERTC began operating in 2001 at the Marine Resources Research Institute, SCDNR, with funding administered by the National Marine Fisheries Service.

The primary goal of the SERTC:

regional taxonomic resource for individuals and institutions that are interested in the biodiversity of the marine and estuarine environments of the southeastern United States.



PREPARATION OF FAUNAL GUIDES



Mysida

Thalassinidea

Scyphozoa & Cubozoa

Octocorallia

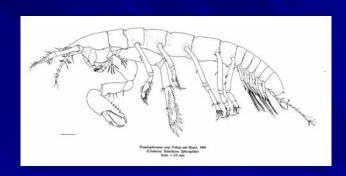
Tanaidacea

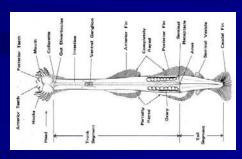
Echinodermata

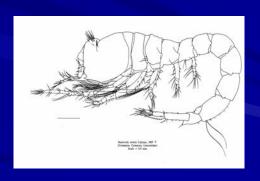
Epicaridean Isopoda

Cumacea

Chaetognatha

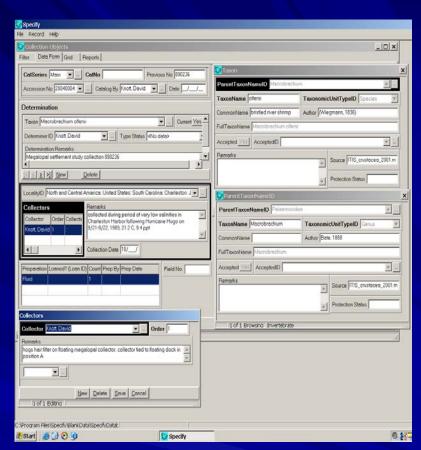












Specify[©] data window











Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN
Nova Southeastern University, Fort Lauderdale, FL
Florida Museum of Natural History, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL
University of Louisiana Lafayette, LA
American Museum of Natural History, New York, NY
National Museum of Natural History (Smithsonian Institution), Washington, D.C.
University of Windsor, Ontario, Canada
Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County, Los Angeles, CA
Instituto de Ciencias Marinas de Andalucia, Cadiz, Spain
Justus Liebig Universität, Giessen, Germany
Zoologisches Museum der Universität Zürich, Switzerland
National University of Singapore

SERTC Synidotea study

16S alignment synodotea 05-11-05

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6 2003 0029 16S CGCCTAG
                        TT TATAAATTCT AGGTAGGATC TG
7 2003 0029 16s CG
B 16S
                 CGCCTAGCTT TATAAATTCT AGGTAGGATC TGCCCAATGA GTA
2 2003 0044 16S CGCCTAG
                           TATAAATTCT AGGTAGGATC TGC
TT TATAAATTCT AGGTAGGATC TGCCCAATGA GTA
10 2003 0044 16 CGCCTAGCTT TATAAATTCT AGGTAGGATC TGCCCAATGA
A 16S
                           TATAAATICT AGGTAGGATC TGCCCAATGA GTA
1 2003 0066 16S CGCCTAGO
                        CTT TATAAATTCT AGGTAGGATC TGCCCAATGA GTACTT-GAA
5 2003 0066 16S CGCCTAG
                        TT TATAAATTCT AGGTAGGATC TGCCCAATG
8 NewJersey 16S CGCCTAGO
                        CTT TATAAATTCT AGGTAGGATC TG
14 2005 0149 16 CGCCTAG
                             ATAAATTCT AGGTAGGATC TGC
14 2005 0149 16 CGCCTAG
                           TATAAATTCT AGGTAGGATC TGCCCAATGA GTAG
13 2003 0043 16 CGC-TTAATT TATAATTTTA A-GTAGTATC TGCCCAATGA ATAATTTTAA
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What does it mean to be a "regional taxonomic resource"?

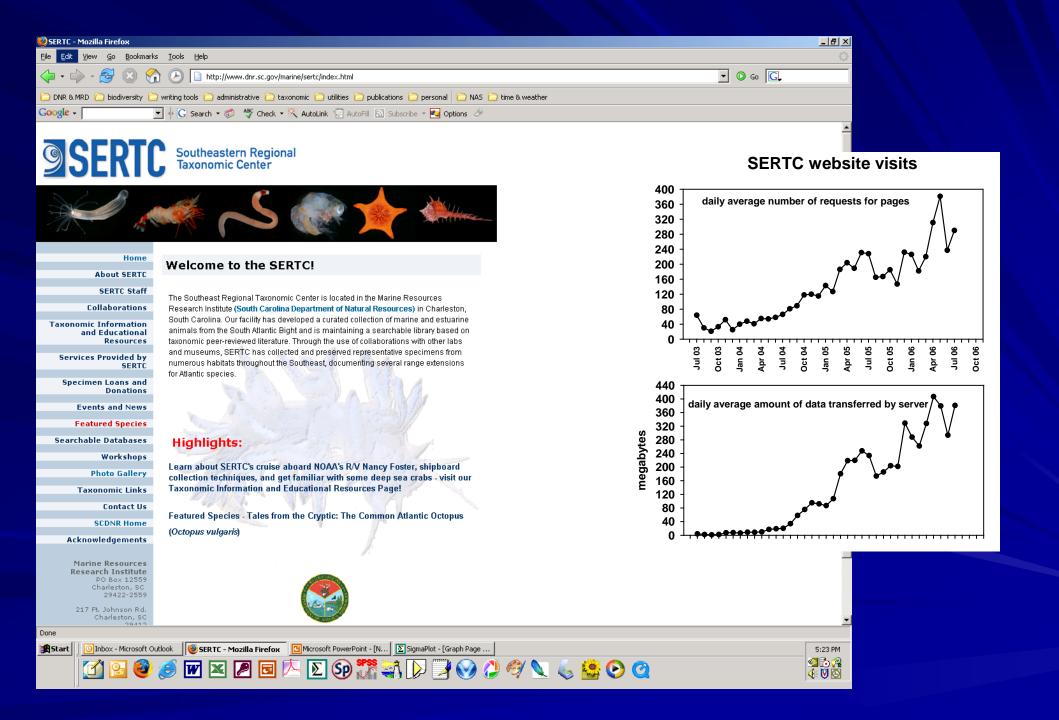




photos by Pearse Webster

Charybdis hellerii (portunid crab)







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Acknowledgements

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Photo Gallery

Below are images of collected fauna from the South Atlantic Bight. Roll mouse over image for caption and click on image for larger view (Images may take a moment to upload....)

Decapods (shrimp, crabs, lobsters)







from http://www.seasbagforum.net/factsheet.cfm/base=tamboliva.

This species is known from a few records from the Caribbean region.

Related messages

. Meyer, K. B. (1977) Dorid nudibranchs of the Caribbean coast of

the Panama Canal Zone. Bulletin of Marine Science, 27(2): 299-307.

Authorskip details Rudman, W.B., 2005 (August 23) Tomiyo oliva Meyer, 1977. [In] Sac Slug Forum. Australian Museum, Sydney. Available Tambja oliva? from North Carolina, USA

August 24, 2005 From: Ray Simpson

Here's a picture (it is not mine but it's remained unidentified for some time on the Southeastern Regional Taxonomic Center (SERTC) website. The photo was taken by Jerry McLellandduring the 2003 Explorer crusie to offshore hard bottoms off the South Carolina coast.

Locality: Carolina shelf edge, South Carolina. USA West Atlantic. Photographer: Jerry McLelland



The species resembles <u>Timeles oftens</u>, personally known only from Central America. The olive-y-flow bear color with blast incophores and gills seem to 6 fits description of T. oliva. As you discuss [message #14222] I wouldn't be surprised <u>#T.2 orunoss</u> was indeed a Roboustra and T. oliva was its food. It seems that there are Roboustral Tambly predatorprey pairings. . i. Figuriation. I oliva min the SW Adl. Tel. of the telephone the statement of the statement

Thanks for reading my babbling)

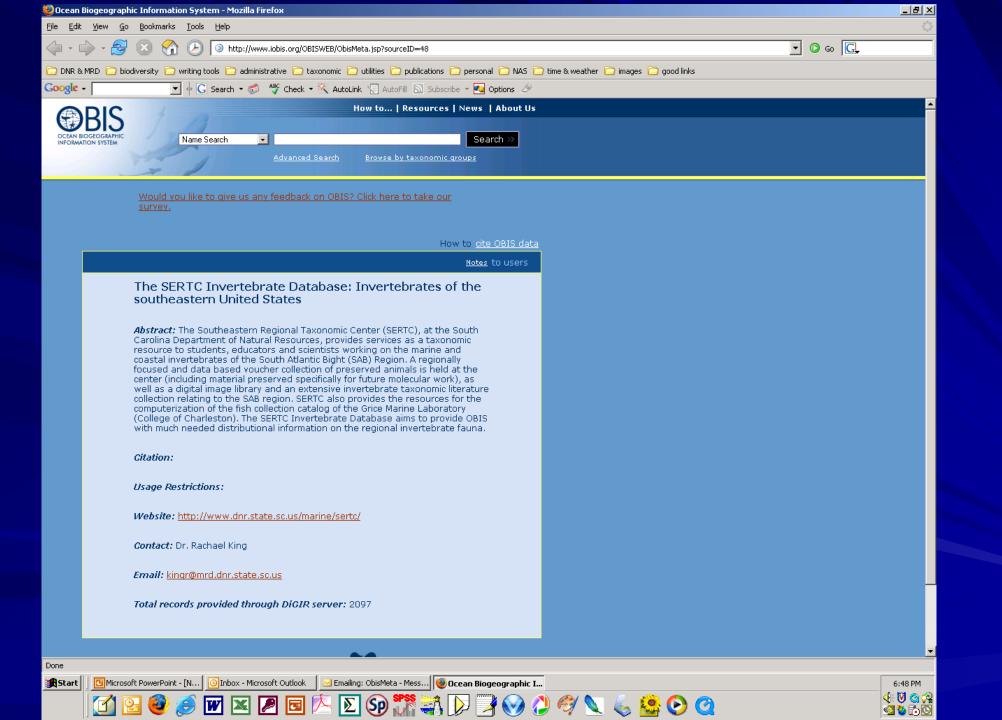
Ray Simpson

P51MustNB@aol.com

Simpson, R., 2005 (Aug 24) Tomiyo olivo? from North Carolina, USA. [Massage in] See Sing Forson. Australian Museum,
Sydney: Avuilable from http://www.seeslogforum.net/find.cfm/id=14592

Dear Ray

I suspect this animal is Tambja oliva but we have so little information on it that it is hard to be

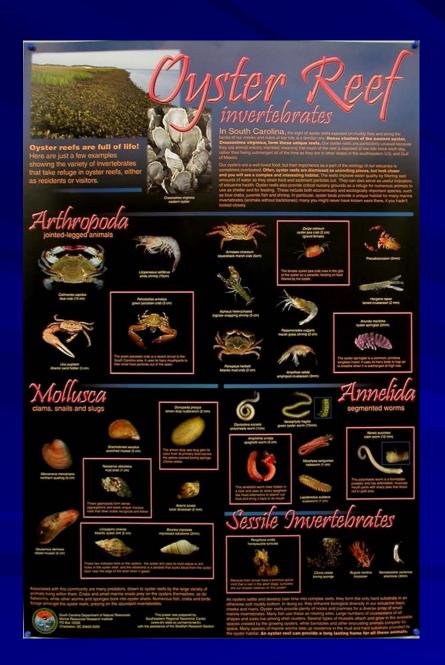












Oslands Sea hard bottom invertebrates of the southeastern of the southeastern United States under the An underwater plain of Sun Consensus of two variety o



Blackfish Banks



























