

Alien Invasive Algae Control in Kaneohe Bay, Oahu

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Invasive Algae Threats in Hawaii



Leather Mud Weed (*Avrainvillea amadelpha*)



Gorilla Ogo (*Gracilaria salicornia*)



Hook Weed (*Hypnea musciformis*)



Prickly Seaweed (Acanthophora spicifera)



University of Hawaii – Botany Dept surveys 1999-2000

UH Botany Dept surveys



Kappaphycus/Eucheuma spp.









Kappaphycus/Eucheuma spp. Distribution



Impacts to Coral Reefs



Hui Ulu Mea



















Protecting nature. Preserving life."









Invasive Algae Drivers





Mechanical Removal: The Super Sucker

Algae Composting









Biocontrol: Urchin Hatchery



Urchin Release

4-6 Months

Measures of Success: Reef 27

Pre-Removal (2012)

2-years later (2014) Kappaphycus Density None Sparce Moderate

Invasive Algae Management Strategy



Coral and Invasive Algae Mapping



Reef 44

Management Prioritization



Lessons Learned: Implementing a Control Program

- Prevention is much cheaper
- Control is extremely costly and long-term
- Ecological, Socioeconomic costs are unmeasurable
- Takes away resources from other AIS





Lessons Learned: Could this happen again?

- DOA-Permitting for Plants and Aquaculture
- DAR-Special Activities Permit
- Early Detection: Eyes of the Reef Program
- Rapid Response Network



Lessons Learned: Planning

- Kaneohe Bay Action Plan (under development)
- Strategic planning and prioritization



Lessons Learned: Monitoring

- R&D: refine methodology
- Proof of concept
- Sharing results



Lessons Learned: Partnerships

- Researchers
- Community involvement
- Other management agencies and NGO's.

