Status of the Cuban Treefrog in the Southeast

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Presentation Overview

- Species background
- Impacts in Florida
- CTF Identification
 - Eggs, Juveniles, Adults, Comp. w/ natives
- Status in Florida
- Status in other GSARP states
 - LA and GA breeding populations
- Potential GSARP distribution
- Summary & Resources

CTF—Background

- Family Hylidae: Osteopilus septentrionalis
- Native to Cuba, Bahamas (likely just GBB), Cayman Islands
- Arrived in Florida ~1920's
- Hitchhiked on cargo ships from Cuba
 - Two Cuban sources (Heinicke et al., 2011)
- Human-mediated movement aided colonization of peninsula and beyond
 - Ornamental plants, palms, vehicles

CTF—Impacts

- Depredate native treefrogs in suburbia and natural areas cause declines of natives
- Tadpoles superior competitors
- Calls are annoying—people lose sleep
- Noxious skin secretions
- Invade homes, bird boxes
- Feces are messy
- Damage electrical equipment







CTF Identification—Eggs & Tadpoles

- Tadpoles non-descript, lateral eyes
- Eggs laid as surface film
- Breed in ornamental ponds, swimming pools, ditches, ephemeral ponds, etc.
- Call is a raspy, squeaking sound





CTF Identification—Juveniles

Tiny warts; green, gray, brown body

Light, lateral lines fade w/age

Blue-green limb bones











CTF Identification—Adults

- Males to ~3 in. SVL; Females >6 in. SVL
- Color highly variable: beige, white, brown, green, yellow
- Patterned or not, some boldly marked
- Skin usually quite warty
- Skin fused to skull >1.5 in.
- "Bug-eyed" appearance
- Relatively large toe pads
- Yellow wash in groin



CTF Identification—Adults

















CTF Identification—Adults

Native Treefrogs

Gray TF

Green TF

CTF



Barking TF

Squirrel TF





Pinewoods TF

CTF Status in Florida



- Cedar Key to Lake City to Jacksonville
- Most common treefrog in suburban areas from ~Orlando south
- Occur in human-modified and natural areas
- Accumulating records in panhandle
- Likely will be/are breeding populations in Florida's panhandle

CTFs in Southeast

Established population in Georgia

- Breeding population on Jekyll Island (Jarboe et al. 2019)
- Likely invasion pathway via imported palms
- Other records from: Chatham, Spalding, Walton, Wilkinson & Dougherty Counties

Established populations in Louisiana

- 1st breeding pop. in New Orleans, near Audubon Zoo (Glorioso et al. 2018a)
- Likely invasion pathway via imported palms from FL
- Ongoing removals, population size fluctuating
- 2nd breeding pop. in St. Rose (Glorioso et al. 2018b)
- Invasion pathway unknown, palms?
- Other records from: Jefferson, St. Tammany, East Baton Rouge & Lafayette Parishes

CTFs in Southeast

- Records from other GSARP states
 - Texas: Potential pop. near Houston?; additional records in Harris, Montgomery & Midland Counties (SAJ file)
 - Mississippi: 2 known records: Jackson Co. (SAJ file) & Lamar Co. (USGS-NAS)
 - Alabama: 2 records from Dauphin Island (SAJ file), 2
 additional records in Lee & Mobile Counties (USGS-NAS)
 - South Carolina: Beaufort, Jasper & Charleston Counties (USGS-NAS); 2 additional Charleston Co. records (SAJ file)
 - North Carolina: 1 record from Alamance Co. (SAJ file) and another from Orange Co. (USGS-NAS)

CTF Potential in GSARP

- Well established in peninsular FL, numerous records from panhandle
- Established populations in GA and LA
- Several 'one-off' records in other GSARP states
- Breeding populations not yet documented?

CTF Potential in GSARP

Severity of cold, not warming *per* se, is likely to dictate range expansion

Summary

- Be vigilant for CTFs in your state/region
- Learn to identify CTFs
- Confirm sightings via digital images emailed to SAJ, other experts
- Report to EDDMapS, USGS-NAS, state agencies
- Take action to eradicate incipient pops.!
- Educate others!

Some Resources

- Me: tadpole@ufl.edu
- USGS-NAS: https://nas.er.usgs.gov/
- EDDMapS: https://www.eddmaps.org/
- CTF Fact Sheet: edis.ifas.ufl.edu/uw259
- UF Wildlife Website: <u>ufwildlife.ifas.ufl.edu/</u>
- Others?

Thank You!